## MUNICIPAL HOME RULE PILOT PROGRAM

2015 PROGRESS REPORT

City of Ranson

West Virginia State Code §8-1-5a (m) provides:

"Commencing December 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, each participating municipality shall give a progress report to the Municipal Home Rule Board and commencing January 1, 2016, and each year thereafter, the Municipal Home Rule Board shall give a summary report of all the participating municipalities to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance."

The Municipal Home Rule Board has developed this standard format for Pilot Program participating municipalities to prepare and submit their respective Annual Progress Reports. The intent of this standard format is to gather and compile information in a consistent, easily understood, and efficient manner that will be used to develop a concise and practical summary report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

Annual Progress Reports must be submitted electronically as an individual file in PDF format no later than the close of business on December 1, 2015 by emailing Debbie Browning at <a href="debbie.a.browning@wv.gov">debbie.a.browning@wv.gov</a>, West Virginia Development Office, West Virginia Home Rule Pilot Program, State Capitol Complex, Building 6, Room 553, Charleston, West Virginia 25305-0311, 304-558-2234.

A. General Information				
Name of Municipality: City of Ranson				
Certifying Official: Andrew P. Blake		Title: City Manag	er	
Contact Person: Andrew P. Blake		Title: City Manage	er	
Address: 312 S. Mildred Street				
City, State, Zip: Ranson, WV 25438				
Telephone Number: 304 724-3872		Fax Number:		
E-Mail Address: ablake@ransonwv.us				
2010 Census Population: 4,440				
B. Municipal Classification				
☐ Class I	X Class III	☐ Class	IV	
C. Pilot Program Entry Phase				
☐ Phase I (2007 Legislation) X Ph	ase II (201	4 Legislation)	☐ Phase III	(2015 Legislation)
D. Attest				
I hereby confirm that I am the authorized official for this municipality and certify that the information submitted herein and attached hereto is true and accurate and that this report addresses each and every initiative included in the original Home Rule Pilot Program Plan Application for this municipality and any subsequent amendments, if applicable.				
Andrew P. Blake	an	dra PBh	h	11/24/2015
Type Name of Certifying Official	Signature of Certifying Official Date		Date	

Initiative: Citation Authorit	y for Property Maintenand	ce and Nuisance Violat	ions
Category of Issues Addresse	d (check all that apply)		
☐ Organization	X Administration	☐ Personnel	□ Other
Was this non-tax initiative a	part of your original plan a	pplication <b>X</b> or	a plan amendment □?
Has the ordinance(s) needed	to implement this initiativ	ve been enacted?	Yes □ No
If yes, when was the ordinar	nce enacted? December 16	5, 2014	
If no, please describe challer	nges faced in enacting the i	related ordinance(s)	
There were no challenges in erstaff had to develop a citation prand Ranson held a workshop to	rocess. In an attempt to foster	consistency, the cities of	
SUCCESSES – In the space through the implementation			_
Citation authority for proper enforcement. This is espect serves as the building insper process frees up human and increase property values by of the neighborhood. Effect key ingredient in neighborhous "broken window theory" the magnets for increased crimes.	cially important for smaller ctor, plan reviewer and co financial resources. Imme taking care of problem pro- ive enforcement of building ood revitalization efforts. S nat vacant properties and	r jurisdictions where the deen office of the enforcement office diate citation authority perties because the issent of the issent of the end of	he Building Code Official er because the expedited y has and will continue to ues spread to other parts by maintenance codes is a tly shown that under the
LESSONS LEARNED – In the during implementation of the	•	_	
Speak to and coordinate wit the techniques, forms and e	h surrounding local govern	ments who have imple	mented this tool and use

Initiative: Conveyance of City Property Without Auction			
Category of Issues Addressed (check all that apply)			
☐ Organization X Administration	☐ Personnel	☐ Other	
Was this non-tax initiative a part of your original plan applic	cation <b>X</b> or	a plan amendment 🗆	]?
Has the ordinance(s) needed to implement this initiative be	en enacted?	X Yes	
If yes, when was the ordinance enacted? December 16, 201	.4		
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the relat	ed ordinance(s)	)	
There were no challenges in enacting the ordinance.			
SUCCESSES — In the space below, please provide a brief through the implementation of this initiative and any metri	•	•	zed
The City has used this tool to sell a former police asset to the ordinance to sell real property yet; although, negotiat some surplus City lots to private individuals and/or entities back on the property tax rolls. This tool will be important be length transactions to spur economic development and ne of this ordinance allows the City to sell the property directly to convey the property through a building commission development authority. This streamlines the process, cuts vision to be carried out without being diluted by outside ag	ions will take played in the purpose cause it will allow ighborhood revitory through the City nor redevelopments out bureaucra	place in 2016 to start sellings of placing the propert low for expedited and arm witalization. The enactments of Council rather than have ent agency and econory	ing ties ms- ent ring mic
LESSONS LEARNED — In the space below, please provide a during implementation of this revenue initiative that would			ned
This tool allows the City to directly control it property, con reduces the need to create separate entities or branches of economic development authority) because the City car purchases.	the governmer	nt (i.e. building commission	on,

Initiative: Permitting Contracts by Resolution with Other Jurisdictions Rather than by Ordinance
Category of Issues Addressed (check all that apply)
☐ Organization
Was this non-tax initiative a part of your original plan application $\mathbf{X}$ or a plan amendment $\square$ ?
Has the ordinance(s) needed to implement this initiative been enacted? $\mathbf{X}$ Yes $\square$ No
If yes, when was the ordinance enacted? December 16, 2014
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the related ordinance(s)
There were no challenges in enacting the ordinance.
SUCCESSES — In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting successes realized through the implementation of this initiative and any metrics used to track performance.
The City has already used this tool a few times. The City has utilized this ordinance to enter into contracts and agreements the Jefferson County PSD, Charles Town and Jefferson County for intergovernmental agreements and contracts. This is a simple tool that saves time and cost and achieves the same result as if the agreements were approved by ordinance.
LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.
This is a simple ordinance that streamlines the process.

Initiative: Expansion of A	uthority to Use Community Er	nhancement Distr	icts	
Category of Issues Addres	sed (check all that apply)			
X Organization	☐ Administration	☐ Personnel		☐ Other
Was this non-tax initiative	a part of your original plan ap	plication <b>X</b> or	a plan	amendment □?
Has the ordinance(s) need	led to implement this initiative	been enacted?	X Yes	□ No
If yes, when was the ordir	nance enacted? December 16, 2	2014		
If no, please describe chal	lenges faced in enacting the re	lated ordinance(s	)	
There were no challenges in	enacting the ordinance.			
·	ce below, please provide a bi on of this initiative and any me	_		
commercial developer w	ent District (CED) has not been within the City limits has expended has made to the existing legis	ressed much int	erest in t	he CED and the
The CED allows for a separate assessment (which are not taxes) to be placed on current or future property owners in the area of the district to support public bonds for the construction of infrastructure, public parks, and other amenities targeted for development or revitalization.				
LESSONS LEARNED – In th	e space below, please provide	a brief narrative	highlightin	g lessons learned
during implementation of	this revenue initiative that wo	uld benefit other	municipalit	ties.
are not yet comfortable v not be competitive in th	oper to utilize the advantages of with the tool and developers are se market. It is the City's ro se CED tool is effective and bene	e concerned that le to continue to	an extra "	assessment" may

Initiative: Reduction of B&O Tax and Imposition of 1% Sales and Use Tax
Was this tax initiative a part of your original plan application $\mathbf{X}$ or a plan amendment $\square$ ?
Has the ordinance(s) needed to implement this initiative been enacted? <b>X</b> Yes □ No
If yes, when was the ordinance enacted? January 20, 2015
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the related ordinance(s)
There were no challenges or objections in enacting the ordinance. However, after enacting the ordinance, the challenge was figuring out the best method of providing ZIP + 4 addresses to the State Tax Department.
REVENUES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting revenue amounts and revenue categories realized; revenue amounts and revenue categories reduced; net revenue gain; and, any metrics used to track performance.
The City reduced B&O tax by 10% on retail and has provided a 50% tax credit on all businesses located within the Old Town Business District in an attempt to encourage growth and development within the urban core. The City then imposed a 1% sales and use tax effective July 1, 2015. The City has only received a partial quarter of sales tax revenue so it is too early to provide accurate financials.
SUCCESSES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting projects, improvements,

SUCCESSES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting projects, improvements, programming, etc. realized through the implementation of this revenue initiative and any metrics used to track performance.

The City of Ranson receives direct tax payments from Hollywood Casino in Charles Town from table games and video lottery. With gaming revenues in steep decline over the last several years, increased unfunded mandates and aging infrastructure, and growth pressures, sales tax revenue helps the City keep public services and investments moving forward. Without sales tax and with the continued forecast of declining gaming revenue, the challenge of maintaining essential government services, public safety and necessary investments to move our community forward would have become even more daunting. Sales tax broadens the tax base and alleviates reliance upon one industry, which can now be fully utilized for one-time capital improvements to improve our City and community.

The imposition of sales tax will allow the City to control is own destiny and expand its tax base without major reliance upon one industry. Video lottery and table games will be shifted in totality to a much needed capital improvement fund and sales tax will be used for general fund operations.

LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.

With the legislature capping property taxes and B&O taxes; ever increasing unfunded mandates; and requirements placed on small towns and cities; and dilapidated infrastructure, the imposition of a sales tax became essential. If the legislature eliminates or reduces B&O, it will have no choice but to allow municipalities to increase sales tax even more or cities and town will not be able to meet their obligations.