## MUNICIPAL HOME RULE PILOT PROGRAM

2018 PROGRESS REPORT

City of Huntington

West Virginia State Code §8-1-5a (m) provides:

"Commencing December 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, each participating municipality shall give a progress report to the Municipal Home Rule Board and commencing January 1, 2016, and each year thereafter, the Municipal Home Rule Board shall give a summary report of all the participating municipalities to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance."

The Municipal Home Rule Board has developed this standard format for Pilot Program participating municipalities to prepare and submit their respective Annual Progress Reports. The intent of this standard format is to gather and compile information in a consistent, easily understood, and efficient manner that will be used to develop a concise and practical summary report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

Annual Progress Reports must be submitted electronically as an individual file in PDF format no later than the close of business on December 3, 2018, by emailing Courtney Shamblin at <u>courtney.d.shamblin@wv.gov</u>, West Virginia Department of Revenue, West Virginia Home Rule Pilot Program, State Capitol Complex, Building 1, Room W-300, Charleston, West Virginia 25305, 304-558-3356.

A. General Information				
Name of Municipality: City of Huntington, WV				
Certifying Official: Mayor Steve Williams	Title: Mayor			
Contact Person: Kathy Moore	Title: Finance Director			
Address: PO Box 1659	·			
City, State, Zip: Huntington, WV 25717				
Telephone Number: 304-696-5520-Ext. 2022	Fax Number:			
E-Mail Address: moorek@cityofhuntington.com				
2017 Census Population: 48,138				
B. Municipal Classification				
Class I XXX Class II Class III	Class IV			
C. Pilot Program Entry Phase				
XXX Phase I (2007 Legislation) 🛛 Phase II (20	14 Legislation)			
D. Attest				
I hereby confirm that I am the authorized official for this municipality and certify that the information submitted herein and attached hereto is true and accurate and that this report addresses each and every initiative included in the original Home Rule Pilot Program Plan Application for this municipality and any subsequent amendments, if applicable.				
Type Name of Certifying OfficialSignature of Certifying OfficialDate				

Initiative: Fire Damage Insur	ance Proceeds				
Category of Issues Addressed	(check all that apply)				
XX Organization	□ Administration	Personnel	□ Other		
Was this non-tax initiative a p	part of your original plan a	pplication XX or	a plan amendment□?		
Has the ordinance(s) needed	to implement this initiativ	e been enacted?	(X Yes □ No		
If yes, when was the ordinand	ce enacted? November 20	08			
If no, please describe challen	ges faced in enacting the r	elated ordinance(s)			
SUCCESSES – In the space by through the implementation					
The City of Huntington's original application for Home Rule contained a provision requiring insurance companies to set aside a portion of insurance proceeds for demolition. In 2010, the WV Legislature addressed by the Home Rule Pilot Program and on April 26, 2010, Huntington City Council repealed the Fire Insurance Proceeds ordinance.					
On June 16, 2010, Governor Manchin signed the Fire Insurance Proceeds Bill into law. Since inception – every instance within the city limits where a fire has occurred on insured properties, the owners took responsibility for demolition of the structure(s) without intervention by the City.					
LESSONS LEARNED – In the s	nace below please provid	e a brief narrative big	hlighting lessons learned		
during implementation of thi		-			

In this instance, this is an issue that has state wide ramifications, therefore addressing it through our state legislature was the best way to have a bigger impact.

Initiative: Increased Capacity To Collect City Fees/Taxes					
Category of Issues Addr	ressed (check all that apply)				
XX Organization	XX Administration	🗆 Personr	nel	□ Other	
Was this non-tax initiat	ive a part of your original plan a	pplication XX	or a plan am	nendment□?	
Has the ordinance(s) ne	eded to implement this initiativ	e been enacted?	XX Yes	🗆 No	
If yes, when was the or	dinance enacted? August 24, 200	09			
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the related ordinance(s)					
SUCCESSES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting successes realized through the implementation of this initiative and any metrics used to track performance.					

Art. 773.12-14, which requires all past due municipal and refuse fees to be paid before a property is transferred, and Art.773.15, which permits the City to place statutory liens on past-due fees without suit, work in tandem to bring in revenue that would have previously gone uncollected.

The costs involved are low, typically court costs to place and release a lien (\$22.00 per lien), cost of certified mailing and internal labor to respond to requests. Beginning in the first quarter of 2016, the City began the process to file liens on all properties that were over 30-days delinquent and had account balances over \$100.00 on a quarterly basis. This increases the internal workload buts casts a much broader net to capture delinquent accounts in a timelier manner.

Normally, for Art.733.12-14, closing attorneys contact the City for payoff amounts. Art.773.15 is triggered both at the sale of a property and during any refinance. At times, there will be some negotiation of the amount owed. Thus far in calendar year 2018, 81.4% have paid in full, 3.2% paid a reduced rate, 7.8% owed nothing at the time of request, less than 1% were foreclosures, and 5.6% either did not transfer or are unresolved to date.

The City has collected under Art.77.12-14 and under 773.15.

LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.

The downsides of these ordinances are limited. The cost is minimal compared to the return. It is important to maintain accurate record of addresses for issuance of liens. If a property has a balance owed with no lien filed, the chances of it transferring without the City's knowledge is greater. Therefore, education of attorneys and title companies is imperative.

Initiative: Land Bank Fast T	rack Authority (page 1 of 3)		
Category of Issues Addresse	d (check all that apply)		
XX Organization	□ Administration	□ Personnel	□ Other
Was this non-tax initiative a	part of your original plan ap	olication XX or a plai	n amendment□?
Has the ordinance(s) needed	to implement this initiative	been enacted? XX Y	′es □ No
If yes, when was the ordinar	ice enacted? 2009		
If no, please describe challer	nges faced in enacting the re	lated ordinance(s)	
The initiative was enacted in of an injunction proceeding new 2017 statute appears to right of first refusal.	that was filed soon after app	roval was given by the F	Iome Rule Board. The
SUCCESSES – In the space through the implementation			-
Operating under the umbrel to acquire delinquent prope construction, redevelopmen gardens, and added green sy returned an additional 161 p Bank was able to acquire pro Development Corporation in Huntington Area Habitat for purchased from the county a homes for homeless Veterar Facility. West Virginia State turning vacant spaces into v Revitalization in Appalachia Community Gardens that ter sold at the local Farmer's Ma Another major success was Agency Authorization Act. U authority to create a land re Land Banks right of first refut appraised value of twenty-fit condemned and deemed un	rties and return them back in t, and rehabilitation of struct pace. The Land Bank current properties back into production operties through the county of the construction of a new for Humanity in its Veteran Hou and state tax sales, seven lot is, in addition to securing spa University has also partnered ibrant places. Through the So Though Children's Hands) pr ach local youth sustainable g arket in Huntington's West E the passage of SB 579, which nder this act, any municipality use agency (Land Bank) and sal to delinquent properties we thousand dollars and und	nto productive use, thro tures, side yard expansion y holds title to 158 proposed we use. With no special and state tax sales for H porty unit senior complex ising Initiative, where the s that turned in to five r ace for the newly renoved with the Land Bank with CRATCH (Sustainable Co oject, the Land Bank has ardening. Many of their nd. creates the West Virgin ty, county, or combinati SB 2109, which builds of in the county tax sales t	ugh new ons, community perties and have provisions, the Land untington and partnered with the Land Bank new construction ated Habitat Storage th creative ideas for mmunity s a number of tharvests have been harvests have been nia Land Reuse on of these has the n SB 579, but gives that have an

Initiative: Land Bank Fast Track Authority Cont'd (page 2 of 3)
Category of Issues Addressed (check all that apply)
XX Organization
Was this non-tax initiative a part of your original plan application XX or a plan amendment $\Box$ ?
Has the ordinance(s) needed to implement this initiative been enacted? XX Yes
If yes, when was the ordinance enacted?
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the related ordinance(s)
SUCCESSES CONT'D – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting successes realized through the implementation of this initiative and any metrics used to track performance.
Vacant abandoned and tax delinquent properties are not only an issue in Huntington, but an issue with our state and nation. In early 2017 the Huntington Urban Renewal Authority (HURA) and its statewide partners, including the West Virginia Community Development Hub (the Hub), and the Brownfields Assistance Center at WVU, received a Technical Assistance Scholarship from the Center for Community Progress, who are experts in the realm of Land Banks and problem properties, to examine the sale of property tax debt and the economic and human cost of vacancy. Recent interviews and surveys taken from West Virginia residents and leaders indicate that vacant and abandoned properties impose costs including police, fire, public works, demolition, loss of property value in surrounding properties, and costs to neighborhood morale and hope. Studies found that property tax delinquency and vacancy do indeed correlate in West Virginia. The goal of the land bank is to improve our community by putting viable properties and land into the ownership of those individuals and groups that will enhance them. By purchasing delinquent tax liens and offering the subsequent properties for sale through the Land Bank, the goal is to create a vehicle that allow all of Huntington to benefit. Properties that have been abandoned now have a purpose.
LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.
With the creation of the Land Bank, we are able to capture forgotten properties and make them productive again. One major hurdle is bidding with/against out of state investors who have no intentions in investing in our state. The full right of first refusal that was granted to the land bank was challenged in circuit court and the injunction issued has hampered our efforts in acting as a true Land Bank to survive. Maintaining vacant and abandoned properties come with a high cost and without necessary tools the costs are felt throughout. Property values decrease, police and fire increase and beautification efforts are limited. Huntington's land bank has proven its value, but lacks necessary revenue streams that other states allow to function properly and fulfill its mission.

Initiative: Land Bank Fast	t Track Authority Cont'd (page	e 3 of 3)	
Category of Issues Addres	sed (check all that apply)		
XX Organization	□ Administration	Personnel	□ Other
Was this non-tax initiative	e a part of your original plan ap	plication XX or a	plan amendment□?
Has the ordinance(s) need	led to implement this initiative	e been enacted?	KX Yes 🛛 No
If yes, when was the ordir	ance enacted?		
If no, please describe chal	lenges faced in enacting the re	elated ordinance(s)	
-	ce below, please provide a b on of this initiative and any m		
learned during implement The system under which t	D – In the space below, please ation of this revenue initiative he Huntington Land Bank is re	e that would benefit o quired to compete st	other municipalities. ill privatizes profits and
to assure that the state re providing a publicly organ limited to twenty-five tho desperately needed in orc intervention to mitigate th	ntial question is what is the pu ceived the taxes owed on a pr ized Land Bank the right of firs usand and under, which usual ler to continue our mission. W ne negative impacts of vacant v want to be involved in the so	operty, there should st refusal on all prope ly require demolition. /est Virginians recogn and abandoned prop	be no objection in rties, not just those . Legislative reform is ize the need for

Initiative: Municipal Occupation Tax/Municipal Sales – Use Tax					
Was this tax initiative a part of your original plan application D or a plan amendment XX?					
Has the ordinance(s) needed to implement this initiative been enacted? XX Yes					
If yes, when was the ordinance enacted? August 9, 2010					
If no, please describe challenges faced in enacting the related ordinance(s)					
Plan Amendment on March 2011 – Approval by Home Rule Board. Municipal Sales-Use Tax enacted April 4,2011					
REVENUES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting revenue amounts and revenue categories realized; revenue amounts and revenue categories reduced; net revenue gain; and, any metrics used to track performance.					
The City implemented a One Percent (1.0%) Municipal Retail Sales, Service and Use Tax on January 1, 2012. To date the tax has allowed the City to eliminate the B&O tax on Manufacturing and lower by half the B&O tax on Retail and Service businesses. The implementation was smooth and there have been no problems with the implementation. All zip code files were provided to the State Tax Department by the City and the collection of the tax is the responsibility of the State Tax Department. Local retailers have cooperated and the additional burden has been minimal, as the Tax Department forms provide for both the local sales tax and state sales tax on one form.					
FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018   B&O 16,112,357 13,214,365 14,633,997 13,951,387 14,108,095 13,126,547 13,441,035					

B&O	16,112,357	13,214,365	14,633,997	13,951,387	14,108,095	13,126,547	13,441,035
Sales	2,225,745	6,531,591	6,942,983	5,924,935	6,503,578	6,637,592	6,650,242
Total	18,338,102	19,745,956	21,576,980	19,876,322	20,611,673	19,764,139	20,091,277

The B&O Tax has decreased, as planned, on average by \$2.5 million and sales tax has off-set the decrease, as well as provided a net revenue increase of approximately \$1.5 million. However projecting ahead, we anticipate B&O Tax will continue to decline due to the loss of manufacturing businesses and sales tax is not projected to increase to compensate for the loss.

SUCCESSES – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting projects, improvements, programming, etc. realized through the implementation of this revenue initiative and any metrics used to track performance.

The City's tax structure is now fairer, with less burden on businesses.

LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.

Continuing to examine the revenue trends is paramount to the sustainability of the City's budget. One goal of reducing B&O Taxes was to encourage more economic development. Additionally, auditing businesses located on the edges of city limits is important to ensure they are charging the additional 1% sales tax.

Initiative: Alternative Enforcement of External Sanitation & Common Nuisances					
Category of Issues Addresse	ed (check all that apply)				
XX Organization	XX Administration	Personnel	□ Other		
Was this non-tax initiative a	part of your original plan a	application $\Box$ or a plan	amendment XX?		
Has the ordinance(s) neede	d to implement this initiativ	ve been enacted? X	X Yes 🛛 No		
If yes, when was the ordina	nce enacted? Adopted May	23, 2013			
If no, please describe challe	nges faced in enacting the	related ordinance(s)			
SUCCESSES – In the space through the implementatio			-		
This initiative worked exact number of citations were w properties. Now the focus continue to be written, but sure contractors and utility hired, working Tuesday thru a significant revenue source	ritten which prompted resi has shifted to a warning syst to repeat offenders and r companies obtain their ne Saturdays to monitor cons	dents to adhere to city stem with the goal bein residents not complying ecessary permits, a Rigi truction and permits.	codes and clean up their og compliance. Citations g. Additionally, to make ht-of-Way Inspector was		

LESSONS LEARNED – In the space below, please provide a brief narrative highlighting lessons learned during implementation of this revenue initiative that would benefit other municipalities.

The focus change to a warning system was just as effective for compliance and reduced the number of court appearances by inspectors, thus utilizing their time more efficiently.